

Tuesday's Maths Key Slides

Tuesday

$1 \times 12 = 12$
$2 \times 12 = 24$
$3 \times 12 = 36$
$4 \times 12 = 48$
$5 \times 12 = 60$
$6 \times 12 = 72$
$7 \times 12 = 84$
$8 \times 12 = 96$
$9 \times 12 = 108$
$10 \times 12 = 120$
$11 \times 12 = 132$
$12 \times 12 = 144$

How can I use partitioning to solve this problem? $11 \times 12 =$

show it

draw it

132									
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

Explain it
First you need to partition 11 into 10 and 1.
Multiply 10 and 12. This equals 120.
Multiply 1 and 12. This equals 12.
Next add together 120 and 12 to find the answer. The answer is 132

Prove it

11×12
$10 \times 12 = 120$
$1 \times 12 = 12$
$120 + 12 = 132$

How can I use partitioning to solve this problem?

show it (draw the dienes) $15 \times 12 =$ $17 \times 12 =$ $25 \times 12 =$

draw it (draw a bar model)

Explain it

Prove it

Donnie is buying some posters for his room. He buys 6 posters at £12 each. Draw a representation of this before writing the calculation and finding the answer.

$6 \times \pounds 12 = 72$
 $\pounds 12 \times 6 = 72$

72					
12	12	12	12	12	12

$36 \div 3 = 12$
 $36 \div 12 = 3$

$12 \times 3 = 36$
 $3 \times 12 = 36$