Mountains Vocabulary Guide

	Word	Definition
	Alps	The largest mountain range in Europe.
OXYGEN LEVELS AT ALTITUDE ALTITUDE (dwet) 39,090 32:5 25,090 39:9 26,090 39:9 58:090 70:9 5,000 58:43 58:43 58:43 58:43 58:43	altitude	The height measured above sea level.
	Andes	The longest mountain range in the world.
	ascent	The act of going up a mountain.
	avalanche	A large mass of snow and ice which detaches itself from the mountain slope and heads downhill in a sudden movement.
	base	The lower part or bottom part of a mountain.
	Ben Nevis	The tallest mountain in the UK.

dome mountains	Mountains formed where a region of flat- lying sedimentary rocks is bent upward making a structural dome.
erosion	The process by which soil and rock is removed from one area of the Earth through natural causes such as wind, water, and ice and transported elsewhere is called erosion.
fold mountains	Mountains that form mainly by the effects of layers of the earth's crust folding on top of each other as they are pushed together.
glaciers	A slow moving mass of ice.
gorge	A narrow valley between hills or mountains, typically with steep rocky walls and a stream running through it.
Himalayas	The highest mountain range in the world, formed as India's tectonic plate collides with the Eurasian tectonic plate.
landscape	All the visible features of an area of land
Mount Everest	The tallest mountain in the world

	mountain	A mountain is a landform that rises prominently above its surroundings
\$ mind trains	mountain range	A series of more or less connected mountains ranged in a line.
	mountaineer	A mountaineer is a climber of mountains
	peak	A peak is the pointed top of a mountain or ridge.
	plateau	A plateau is land area having a relatively flat surface
APPENDAMENTAL	Rockies	The Rockies are the chief mountain system in North America which extends from central Mexico to North Alaska.
	sherpa	Sherpas are people from Tibet living in the Nepalese Himalayas, who often serve as porters on mountain-climbing expeditions.
	slope	A slope is ground that has a natural incline as the side of a hill.
	summit	The summit is the highest part of a hill.

COMMON PATE AND ADDRESS AND AD	tectonic plates	Tectonic plates are the dozen or so plates that make up the surface of the Earth.
	tree line	A tree line is the altitude above sea level at which trees cease to grow.
	u-shaped valley	A steep sided valley caused by glacial erosion.
	valley	A valley is the dip between hills or mountains, often formed by a stream.
	volcano	A volcano is a mountain or hill with a vent at the top through which molten rock has erupted.